

Safety Data Sheet

1 – Product Identifier & Identity for the Chemical

| Manufacturer: WD-40 Company Australia | | Product Name: 3-IN-ONE Professional Dry |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | Pty Ltd | Lubricant with PTFE |
| Address: | 41 Rawson Street | |
| | (Level 2, Suite 23) | Chemical Name: Mixture |
| | Epping | |
| | NSW, 2121, Australia | Product Use: Lubricant |
| Telephone: | | |
| | +61 2 9868 2200 | Restriction on Use: None Identified |
| Emergency of | only: 1800 024 973 | |
| | | SDS Date Of Preparation: 9 September 2015 |
| Poisons Information Centre: | | |
| Australia: 13 11 26 | | |
| New Zealand: 0800 764 766 | | |
| N | | |
| | Contact Details: | |
| Name: | Eproducts New Zealand | |
| Addueses | Limited | |
| Address: | 7D Orbit Drive | |
| | Albany New Zealand | |
| Telephone: | | |
| Information: | 09 916 6750 | |

2 – Hazards Identification

Classification of the Hazardous Chemical (in accordance with WHS Regulation)

| Health | Environmental | Physical |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 | Aquatic Acute Toxicity | Flammable Aerosol Category 1 |
| Eye Irritant Category 2A | Category 3 | Gas Under Pressure: |
| Skin Irritant Category 2 | Aquatic Chronic Toxicity | Compressed Gas |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity | Category 3 | |
| Single Exposure Category 3 | 0,1 | |
| (Narcotic effects) | | |

Label Elements



Contains: Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light, Diethylene Triamine, Mineral oil

Danger!

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces.-No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. Response P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician if you feel unwell. Storage P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. Disposal P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other Hazards that do not Result in Classification: None known.

| 3 - Composition/Information on Ingre | dients |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
|--------------------------------------|--------|

| Ingredient | CAS # | Weight Percent | Substance Classification |
|---|----------------------|----------------|--|
| Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light | 64742-48-9 | 40-50% | Flam. Liq. Cat 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. Cat 1 (H304) STOT SE Cat 3 (H336) Aq. Acute Cat 3 (H402) Aq. Chronic Cat 3 (H412) AUH066 |
| Propellant (propane, n-butane) | 74-98-6/ 106-97-8 | 35-45% | Flam. Gas Cat 1 (H220) Press. Gas (H280) |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | <10% | Flam. Liq. Cat 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. Cat 2 (H319) |
| Mineral oil | Proprietary | <10% | Eye Irrit. Cat 2 (H319) Skin Irrit. Cat 2 (H315) |
| Isopropanol | 67-63-0 | <3% | Flam. Liq. Cat 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. Cat 2 (H319) STOT SE Cat 3 (H336) |
| Diethylene Triamine | 111-40-0 | <0.5% | Acute Tox. Cat 2 (H330) Acute Tox. Cat 4 (H302,H312) Skin Corr. Cat 1B (H314) Eye Dam. Cat 1 (H318) |

| | | Skin Sens. Cat 1 (H317 STOT SE Cat 3 (H335) | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|--|--|

See Section 16 for full text of GHS Classification and H phrases

4 – First Aid Measures

Ingestion (Swallowed): Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a Poisons Information Center (phone 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia or 0800 764 766 in New Zealand) immediately.

Eye Contact: Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists. **Skin Contact:** Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention. **Inhalation (Breathing):** If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

Most Important Symptoms: May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. Prolonged skin contact may cause drying of the skin. Inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, nausea and other symptoms of central nervous system depression. Accidental ingestion may cause gastrointestinal effects with irritation, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, coma and death. Aspiration into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause lung damage.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment, if Needed: Immediate medical attention is required for ingestion.

5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition source and open fire. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. A vapor and air mixture can create an explosion hazard in confined spaces.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers. Cool fire-exposed containers with water.

6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). **Environmental Precautions:** Avoid releases to the environment. Report spills to authorities as required.

Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup: Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly.

7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating vapors and inhaling can be harmful or fatal. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights, hot surfaces and open flames. Unplug electrical tools, motors and appliances before spraying or bringing the can near any source of electricity. Electricity can burn a hole in the can and cause contents to burst into flames. To avoid serious burn injury, do not let the can touch battery terminals, electrical connections on motors or appliances or any other source of electricity. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate containers, even when empty.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Protect from physical damage. Do not store in direct sunlight, near open flames or above temperatures greater than 50°C.

| Chemical | Occupational Exposure Limits | Biological Limit Value | |
|---------------------|---|---|--|
| Naptha (Petroleum), | 1200 mg/m3 TWA | None Established | |
| Hydrotreated light | (manufacturer recommended) | | |
| Propane | Asphyxiant – See Chapter 10 of Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard | None Established | |
| n-Butane | 800 ppm TWA AU OEL 800 ppm TWA NZ OEL 1000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV (as Butane, all isomers) | None Established | |
| Ethanol | 1000 ppm TWA AU OEL 1000 ppm TWA NZ OEL 1000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV | None Established | |
| Mineral Oil | 5 mg/m3 TWA AU OEL (as oil mist, mineral) 5 mg/m3 TWA, 10 mg/m3 STEL NZ OEL (as oil mist, mineral) 5 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable) ACGIH TLV (as mineral oil) | None Established | |
| Isopropanol | 400 ppm TWA, 500 ppm STEL AU OEL 400 ppm TWA, 500 ppm STEL NZ OEL 200 ppm TWA, 400 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV | Acetone in urine, End of shift at end of workweek, 40 mg/L | |
| Diethylene Triamine | 1 ppm TWA AU OEL 1 ppm TWA NZ OEL 1 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV (skin) | None Established | |

8 – Exposure Controls /Personal Protection

The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area. Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Avoid eye contact. Always spray product away from your face. **Skin Protection:** Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations where skin contact is likely.

Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to

maintain exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory Protection: None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear an approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow applicable regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Work/Hygiene Practices: Eye wash facilities should be available. Wash hands after handling. Other Protective Equipment: None required.

9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

| 9 – Physical and Chemica | | | - |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Appearance and Odor: | Cloudy white liquid | Partition Coefficient of | Not determined |
| | spray with strong | n-octanol/water: | |
| | solvent odor | | |
| | Left to settle: Clear | | |
| | liquid with white | | |
| | precipitate on the | | |
| | bottom | | |
| Odor Threshold: | Not determined | Auto-ignition | Not determined |
| | | temperature: | |
| pH: | Not determined | Decomposition | Not determined |
| | | Temperature: | |
| Melting/Freezing Point: | Not applicable | Viscosity: | 25.38 cSt @40°C |
| | | | (104°F) |
| Boiling Point / Range: | 135-165°C (275-329°F) | Specific Heat Value: | Not determined |
| | (Petroleum) | | |
| Flash Point: | 24°C (75.2°F) | Particle Size: | Not applicable |
| | (Petroleum) | | |
| Evaporation Rate | Not determined | VOC: | Not determined |
| (Butyl Acetate = 1): | | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | Not applicable | Percent Volatile: | Not determined |
| Flammable Limits: | LEL 0.6% UEL 7.0% | Saturated Vapor | Not determined |
| | (Petroleum) | Concentration: | |
| Vapor Pressure: | Not determined | Release of invisible | Not determined |
| | | flammable vapors and | |
| | | gases: | |
| Vapor Density (air = 1): | Not determined | Aerosol Protection | 3 |
| - | | Level (NFPA 30B): | |
| Relative Density (Water = 1): | 0.778 | Solubility: | Immiscible in water |

10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Non-reactive

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid extreme heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid physical damage to aerosol can.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents, mineral acids, and halogenated organic compounds. **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11 – Toxicological Information

Health Hazards:

Ingestion: Swallowing is an unlikely route of exposure for an aerosol product. Swallowing large amounts may produce gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

Eye Contact: Liquid sprayed into eyes may cause irritation. May cause redness, stinging, swelling, and tearing.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation with redness, itching and burning of the skin. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause defatting with possible dermatitis.

Inhalation: Mist or vapor can irritate the throat and lungs. High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

Chronic Exposure: None known.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory conditions may be aggravated by exposure.

Acute Toxicity Values:

Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light: Oral rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg

Propellant: No toxicity data available

Ethanol: Oral rat LD50: 10,470 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50:117-125 mg/L/4hr, Skin rabbit LD50: 17,100 mg/kg

Mineral Oil: No toxicity data available

Isopropanol: Oral rat LD50: 4710 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50: 72.6 mg/L/4hr, Skin rabbit LD50: >5000 mg/kg

Diethylene Triamine: Oral rat LD50: 1553 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50: 0.07-0.30 mg/L/4hr, Skin rabbit LD50: 1045 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No data available for mixture. Bases on the ingredients, this product is classified as a skin irritant.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No data available for mixture. Based on the ingredients, this product is classified as an eye irritant.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: This product is not expected to cause sensitization. **Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** None of the components have been found to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, US OSHA or the EU CLP.

Reproductive Toxicity: None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Single Exposure: No data available.

Repeated Exposure: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard: When product is left to settle, it will form two layers: a clear liquid layer with white precipitate on the bottom. Based on this and the ingredients, this product is expected to present an aspiration hazard and may be harmful if the contents are swallowed.

12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light: 96 hr LL50 Rainbow trout: 10-<30 mg/L, 48 hr EL50 Daphnia magna: 22-<46 mg/L, 72 hr EL50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >1000 mg/L, 72 hr NOELR Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: <1 mg/L

This product is classified as harmful to the aquatic environment with long-term adverse effects. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

Persistence and Degradability: Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light: Readily biodegradable-89% in 28 days.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available. Mobility in Soil: No data available. Other Adverse Effects: None Known

13 - Disposal Considerations

Safe Handling and Disposal Method: Aerosol containers should not be punctured, compacted in home trash compactors or incinerated.

Disposal of Contaminated Packaging: Empty containers may be disposed of through normal waste management options.

Environmental Regulations: Dispose of all waste product, absorbents, and other materials in accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

14 – Transportation Information

IMDG Shipping Name: Aerosols IMDG Hazard Class: 2.1 UN Number: UN1950 Marine Pollutant: No

IATA Shipping Name: Aerosols, Flammable IATA Hazard Class: 2.1 UN Number: UN1950

ADG Shipping Name: Aerosols ADG Hazard Class: 2.1 UN Number: UN1950 Hazchem (Emergency Action) Code: 2YE (ADG7)

Special Precautions for User: WD-40 Company does not test aerosol cans to assure that they meet the pressure and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our aerosol products be transported by air.

15 – Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances): None present The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants): None present The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent): Not applicable Basel Convention: Not applicable International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL): Not applicable

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP): Not applicable

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: All of the components of this product are listed on the AICS inventory.

New Zealand:

HSNO Approval Number: HSR002515

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Classified as Dangerous Good for transport purposes.

HSNO Hazard Classes: 2.1.2A, 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.1E, 6.9B, 9.1D, 9.1C

New Zealand Inventory: All the ingredients comply with the HSNO regulations.

16 – Other Information

REVISION DATE: <u>9 September 2015</u>

SUPERSEDES: New SDS

Prepared By: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc.

Full Text of GHS Classification and H Phrases from Section 3: Acute Tox. Cat 2 Acute Toxicity Category 2 Acute Tox. Cat 4 Acute Toxicity Category 4 Aq. Acute Cat 3 Aquatic Acute Toxicity Category 3 Aq. Chronic Cat 3 Aquatic Chronic Toxicity Category 3 Asp. Tox. Cat 1 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Eye Dam. Cat 1 Eye Damage Category 1 Eye Irrit. Cat 2 Eye Irritant Category 2 Flam. Gas Cat 1 Flammable Gas Category 1 Flam. Liq. Cat 2 Flammable Liquid Category 2 Flam. Liq. Cat 3 Flammable Liquid Category 3 Skin Corr. Cat 1B Skin Corrosion Category 1B

Skin Irrit. Cat 2 Skin Irritant Category 2 Skin Sens. Cat 1 Skin Sensitization Category 1 STOT SE Cat 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 Press. Gas Compressed Gas H220 Extremely flammable gas. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eve damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H402 Harmful to aquatic life. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. List of Abbreviations or Acronyms: ACGIH American Conference of Industrial Hygienists ADG Australian Dangerous Goods **AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances** AU Australia **EC Effective Concentration** EU European Union GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms IARC International Agency of Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC Lethal Concentration LD Lethal Dosage LEL Lower Explosive Limit NTP National Toxicology Program NZ New Zealand **OEL Occupational Exposure Limits** PEL Permissible Exposure Limit SDS Safety Data Sheet STEL Short Term Exposure Limit TWA Time-Weighted Average UEL Upper Explosive Limit US OSHA United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration VOC Volatile Organic Compounds WHS Work Health and Safety

SIGNATURE:_____

TITLE:

This SDS complies with Australian guidelines for SDS. The foregoing information has been compiled from sources believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that data is correct. Standards change without notice. It is the responsibility of the recipient to insure that their personnel have been notified of any changes which may affect them. The data provided on this SDS are not meant to be used as specifications, only as guideline information as to the safe use of this product. User should refer to applicable laws before use.

1088100/No.